

## Learning Using Privileged Information for Food Recognition (Contact: Imeng@nus.edu.sg)



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- Partial heterogeneous transfer learns to compress and align food-related information of **both**  $L^{\nu}$  and  $L^{t}$  in part of the features
- A mapping from  $L^{\nu}$  to ingredient prediction boosts information alignment





## Our ATNet improves existing methods by a large margin

- ATNet boosts the performance of resnet50 and vgg19\_bn to the same level, showing the effectiveness of feature
- alignment
- It generalizes well to VGG and ResNet models





PCA Visualization (a)  $L^{v}$  and  $L^{t}$ 

- (b)After KL loss of alignment (c)After L2 loss of alignment (d)Align with DeepCoral
- Partial heterogeneous transfer first aligns magnitude (b), then the distribution (c)
- Better than DeepCoral in feature alignment



- Only images are needed as input
- Mapping from ingredients to food class is achieved using statistics
- · Multiview decision fusion enables a refinement

## Case Study 1: Effects of Partial Feature Disentangle Feature value VGG19 ResNet50 81.6 Base 81.7 +D Change values in $L^{\nu}$ See effects on $g^{\nu}(L^{\nu})$ Little difference in performance

## Case Study 3: Multiview Decision Fusion



(a) Fusion of correct decisions is still correct

80.2

80.2

(b) Wrong in one channel does not affect the result

(c) Correct prediction in ingredient channel helps clear ambiguity

(d) Ingredient channel returns flat results of image is ambiguous